P. Issue Details

Summary Term Sheet:

Security Name	8.75% SBI AT1
Series	Series 1
Issuer/Bank	State Bank of India
Type / Nature of	Non-convertible, Perpetual, Taxable, Subordinated, Unsecured Basel III compliant Additional Tier 1 Bonds in the nature of debentures of face value Rs.10 lacs each Unsecured
Nature of Instrument	The Bonds are neither secured nor covered by a guarantee of the Bank nor related entity or other arrangements that legally or economically enhances the seniority of the claim of the Bondholder vis-à-vis other creditors of the Bank.
	The claims of the Bondholders shall -
Seniority	 (i) be superior to the claims of investors in equity shares and perpetual non-cumulative preference shares issued by the Bank; (ii) be subordinated to the claims of depositors, general creditors and subordinated debt of the Bank other than any subordinated debt qualifying as Additional Tier 1 Capital; (iii) neither be secured nor covered by any guarantee of the Issuer or its related entity or other arrangement that legally or economically enhances the seniority of the claim of the Bondholders vis-à-vis creditors of the Bank; (iv) Unless the terms of any subsequent issuance of bonds/debentures by the Bank specifies that the claims of such subsequent bond holders are senior or subordinate to the Bonds issued under this disclosure document ("Disclosure Document") or unless the RBI specifies otherwise in its guidelines or regulations, the claims of the Bondholders shall be pari passu with claims of holders of such subsequent debentures/bond issuances of the Bank; (v) rank pari passu without preference amongst themselves. Additional Tier 1 Capital shall have the meaning ascribed to such terms under the Basel III Guidelines.
	Notwithstanding anything to the contrary stipulated herein, the claims of the Bondholders shall be subject to the provisions of Coupon Discretion, Loss Absorbency and Other Events mentioned in this



	Disclosure Document and this Summary Term Sheet.
	The Bonds shall not contribute to liabilities exceeding assets of the Bank if such a balance sheet test forms part of a requirement to prove insolvency under any law or otherwise.
Mode of Issue	Private Placement
Type of Bidding	Closed Bidding
Manner of Allotment	Uniform Coupon
	The following class of investors are eligible to participate in the offer (being "Eligible Investors"):
	 (i) Mutual Funds, Public Financial Institutions as defined in section 2(72) of the Companies Act, 2013; (ii) Scheduled Commercial Banks; (iii) Insurance Companies;
	(iv) Provident Funds, Gratuity Funds, Superannuation Funds and Pension Funds;
	(v) Co-operative Banks; (vi) Regional Rural Banks authorized to invest in bonds/
	debentures; (vii) Companies and Bodies Corporate authorized to invest in bonds/ debentures;
	(viii) Societies authorized to invest in bonds/ debentures;
	(ix) Trusts authorized to invest in bonds/ debentures; (x) Statutory Corporations/ Undertakings established by Central/ State legislature authorized to invest in bonds/
Elicible Investors	debentures; (xi) Foreign Portfolio Investors ("FPIs")*; and
Eligible Investors	(xi) Foreign Portfolio Investors ("FPIs")*; and(xii) Any other person eligible to invest in the issue.
	The following class of investors are not eligible to participate in the offer:
	(i) Resident Individual Investors;
	(ii) Foreign Nationals;
	(iii) any related party over which the Bank exercises control or significant influence (as defined under the relevant accounting standards ("Accounting Standards");
	(iv) Persons resident outside India;
	(v) Venture Capital Funds, Alternative Investment Funds, Overseas Corporate Bodies;
	(vi) Partnership firms formed under applicable laws in India in the name of the partners;
	(vii) Hindu Undivided Families through Karta; and
	(viii) Person ineligible to contract under applicable statutory/ regulatory requirements.

*Investment by FPIs in these Bonds raised in Indian Rupees shall be within an overall limit of 49% of the issue size subject to the restriction that investment by each FPI shall not exceed 10% of the issue size. Further, Investment by FPIs in these Bonds raised in Indian Rupees shall be subject to compliance with terms and conditions stipulated by the RBI, SEBI or any other regulatory authorities on investment in these Bonds.

The issuance being a private placement through the Electronic Bidding Platform of BSE, the investors who have bid on their own account or through arrangers, if any, appointed by Issuer, in the issue through the said platform and in compliance with SEBI circulars on the above subject and BSE EBP operating guidelines are only eligible to apply. Any other application shall be at the sole discretion of the Issuer.

Further, notwithstanding anything contained above, only eligible investors who have been addressed through the application form are eligible to apply

Prior to making any investment in these Bonds, each Eligible Investor should satisfy and assure himself/herself/itself that he/she/it is authorized and eligible to invest in these Bonds. The Bank shall be under no obligation to verify the eligibility/authority of the Eligible Investor to invest in these Bonds. Further, mere receipt of the Disclosure Document (and/or any Transaction Document in relation thereto and/or any draft of the Transaction Documents and/or the Disclosure Document) by a person shall not be construed as any representation by the Bank that such person is authorized to invest in these Bonds or eligible to subscribe to these Bonds. If after applying for subscription to these Bonds and/or allotment of Bonds to any person, such person becomes ineligible and/or is found to have been ineligible to invest in/hold these Bonds, the Bank shall not be responsible in any manner.

Notwithstanding any acceptance of bids by the Bank on and/or pursuant to the bidding process on the Electronic Book Platform, (a) if a person, in the Bank's view, is not an Eligible Investor, the Bank shall have the right to refuse allotment of Bonds to such person and reject such person's application; (b) if after applying for subscription to these Bonds and/or allotment of Bonds to any person, such person becomes ineligible and/or is found to have been ineligible to invest in/hold these Bonds, the Issuer shall not be responsible in any manner.

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Listing	On the debt segment of NSE and/or BSE.
Rating	"CRISIL AA+/Stable" by CRISIL Ratings and "[ICRA] AA+(hyb)" with Stable outlook by ICRA Limited
Issue Size	Aggregate total issue size not exceeding Rs. 3,500 crores with a base issue size of Rs. 1,500 crore and a green-shoc option to retain oversubscription up to Rs. 2,000 crore.

Page 80 of 108

Option to retain	Ly C I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
oversubscription	Yes. Green-shoe option to retain oversubscription up to Rs. 2,000 crores.
Objects of the Issue	Augmenting Additional Tier 1 Capital and overall capital of the Bank for strengthening its capital adequacy and for enhancing its long-term resources in accordance with RBI Guidelines.
Details of Utilization of funds	The Bank shall utilize the proceeds of the issue for augmenting Additional Tier 1 Capital and overall capital of the Bank for strengthening its capital adequacy and for enhancing its long-term resources in accordance with RBI Guidelines.
Coupon Rate	8.75% p.a. subject to "Coupon Discretion", "Loss Absorbency" and "Other Events" mentioned in this Summary Term Sheet.
Step Up/Step Down Coupon Rate	Not Applicable
Coupon Payment Frequency	Annual
Coupon Payment Dates	August 30, every year till redemption of bonds
Coupon Type	Fixed
Coupon Reset Process (including rates, spread, effective date, interest rate cap and floor etc.)	Not Applicable
Day Count Basis	The interest for each of the interest periods shall be computed as per Actual / Actual day count conversion (as per the SEBI Circular dated October 29, 2013 bearing reference CIR/IMD/DF/18/2013) on the face value/principal outstanding after adjustments and write-off on account of "Loss Absorbency" and "Other Events" mentioned in this Summary Term Sheet, at the Coupon Rate rounded off to the nearest Rupee.
	The Interest Period means each period beginning on (and including) the Deemed Date of Allotment or any Coupon Payment Date and ending on (but excluding) the next Coupon Payment Date/ Call Option Date (if exercised). It is clarified that in case of Coupon payment in a leap year, the same shall be calculated taking the number of days as 366 (three hundred and sixty six) days (as per the SEBI Circular dated November 11, 2016 bearing reference CIR/IMD/DF-1/122/2016).
	Sample interest calculation is provided in the Disclosure Document in Annexure IV.
Business Day Convention/ Effect of Holidays	'Business Day' shall be a day on which commercial banks are open for business in the city of Mumbai, Maharashtra and when the money market is functioning in Mumbai. If the date of payment of interest/redemption of principal does not fall on a Business Day, the payment of interest/principal shall be made in accordance with SEBI

	Circular CIR/IMD/DF-1/122/2016 dated November 11, 2016.
	If any of the Coupon Payment Date(s), other than the ones falling on the redemption date, falls on a day that is not a Business Day, the payment shall be made by the Issuer on the immediately succeeding Business Day, which becomes the coupon payment date for that coupon. However, the future coupon payment date(s) would be as per the schedule originally stipulated at the time of issuing the Bonds. In other words, the subsequent coupon payment date(s) would not be changed merely because the payment date in respect of one particular coupon payment has been postponed earlier because of it having fallen on a non-Business Day.
	If the redemption date of the Bonds falls on a day that is not a Business Day, the redemption amount shall be paid by the Issuer on the immediately preceding Business Day which becomes the new redemption date, along with interest accrued on the Bonds until but excluding the date of such payment.
Interest on Application Money	Interest at the Coupon Rate (subject to deduction of income tax under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961, or any other statutory modification or re-enactment thereof, as applicable) will be paid to the applicants on the application money for the Bonds for the period starting from and including the date of realization of application money in the Issuer's bank account up to one day prior to the date of allotment.
	The Bank shall not be liable to pay any interest in case of invalid applications or applications liable to be rejected including applications made by person who is not an Eligible Investor.
Default Int erest Rate	In case of default in payment of Interest and/or principal redemption on the due dates, additional interest at 2% p.a. over the Coupon Rate will be payable by the Issuer for the defaulting period. However, any non-payment of interest and / or principal on account of RBI guidelines on Basel III capital regulations, Coupon Discretion, Loss Absorbency and other events of this Summary Term Sheet, no such default interest shall be payable.
Tenor	Perpetual
Redemption Date	Not Applicable
Redemption Amount	Not Applicable However, in case of redemption due to exercise of Call Option or otherwise in accordance with RBI guidelines, the Bonds shall be redeemed at par along with interest accrued till one day prior to the Call Option Date subject to adjustments and/or write-off on account of "Loss Absorbency" & "Other Events" as mentioned in this Summary Term Sheet.
Premium/Discount on	Nil
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redemption	
Issue Price	At par (Rs.10 lacs per Bond)
Discount on Issue	Nil
Put Option Date	Not Applicable
Put Option Price	Not Applicable
Issuer Call Option/Call Option	The Bank may, at its sole discretion but subject to the "Condition for exercise of Call Option", elect to exercise a call on the Bonds (in whole) on August 30, 2024 [being the 5th anniversary of the Deemed Date of Allotment] or any anniversary date thereafter (the "Issuer Call Date")
Tax Call	If there is any change in, or amendment to, the laws affecting taxation (or regulations or rulings promulgated thereunder) in India or any change in the official application of such laws, regulations or rulings (a "Tax Event") Issuer may, at its option, redeem the Bonds, in whole at a redemption price equal to outstanding principal amount subject to adjustment on account of "Loss Absorbency" and "Other Events" mentioned in this Summary Term Sheet, together with any accrued but unpaid interest to (but excluding) the date fixed for exercising a Call Option on such Bonds. Any redemption upon the occurrence of a Tax Event will be subject to the provisions described under "Call Notification Time" and conditions (ii) and (iii) enumerated under "Condition for exercise of Call Option". RBI may permit the Issuer to exercise the Tax Call only if the RBI is convinced that the Issuer was not in a position to anticipate the Tax Event at the time of issuance of the Bonds and if the Bank demonstrates to the satisfaction of RBI that the Bank's capital position is well above the minimum capital requirements after the Call Option is exercised.
Regulatory Call	If there is a change in the regulatory classification of the Bonds that occurs on or after the issue date of the Bonds (a "Regulatory Event"), Issuer may, at its option, redeem the Bonds, in whole at a redemption price equal to outstanding principal amount subject to adjustment on account of "Loss Absorbency" and "Other Events" mentioned in this Summary Term Sheet, together with any accrued but unpaid interest to (but excluding) the date fixed for exercising Call Option on such Bonds. Any redemption upon the occurrence of a Regulatory Event will be subject to the provisions described under "Call Notification Time" and conditions (ii) and (iii) enumerated under "Condition for exercise of Call Option". RBI may permit the Issuer to exercise the Regulatory Call only if the RBI is convinced that the Issuer was not in a position to anticipate the Regulatory Call at the time of issuance of the Bonds and if the Bank demonstrates to the satisfaction of RBI that the Bank's capital position is well above the minimum capital requirements after the Call Option



	is exercised.
	Exercise of a call option by the Bank will be subject to all the conditions
	mentioned below:
	(i) The Call Option can be exercised only after a minimum of five years from the Deemed Date of Allotment;
	(ii) To exercise a Call Option the Bank shall require prior approval of RBI; and
Condition for exercise of Call Option	(iii) Bank shall not exercise a call unless:
	(a) The Bond is replaced with capital of the same or better
	quality and the replacement of this capital is done at conditions which are sustainable for the income capacity of the Bank; or
	(b) The Bank demonstrates that its capital position is well
	above the minimum capital requirements after the Call Option is exercised.
Call Option Date	August 30, 2024, or any anniversary date thereafter, subject to Tax Call / Regulatory Call.
Cum Option But	In case of Tax Call or Regulatory Call, the date may be as specified in
	the notice to debenture trustees.
	At par, along with interest accrued till one day prior to the Call Option Date subject to adjustments and/ or write-off on account of "Coupon"
Call Option Price	Discretion", "Loss Absorbency" & "Other Events" mentioned in this
	Summary Term Sheet.
Put Notification Time	Not Applicable.
Call Notification Time	Any redemption of the Bonds on account of exercise of Call Option i.e. Issuer Call, Tax call and Regulatory Call shall be subject to the Issuer giving not less than twenty one (21) calendar days prior notice to the Bond holders and Debenture Trustee.
Face Value	Rs. 10 Lacs per Bond.
Minimum Application	1 Bond and in multiples of 1 Bond thereafter.
Issue Timing:	
Bid Opening/ Closing Date	August 28, 2019
Issue Opening/ Closing Date	August 30, 2019
3. Pay-in Date	August 30, 2019
4. Deemed Date of Allotment	August 30, 2019
Issuance mode	In Demat mode only.
Trading Mode	In Demat mode only.
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Payment of interest and repayment of principal shall be made by way of credit through direct credit/ National Electronic Clearing Service/RTGS/ NEFT mechanism or any other permitted method at the discretion of the Issuer.
T+2
National Securities Depository Limited and Central Depository Services (India) Limited.
15 calendar days prior to each Coupon Payment Date / Call Option Date or the Redemption Date (as the case may be). In the event the Record Date falls on a day which is not a Business Day, the succeeding Business Day will be considered as Record Date.
Unsecured
The Issuer has executed/ shall execute the documents including but not limited to the following in connection with the issue:
 Letter appointing IDBI Trustee as Trustees to the Bondholders; Debenture Trusteeship Agreement/ Bond Trustee Agreement / Debenture Trust Deed (as required); Rating Letter from rating agency CRISIL Limited and ICRA Limited; Tripartite Agreement between the Issuer, Registrar and NSDL for issue of Bonds in dematerialized form; Tripartite Agreement between the Issuer, Registrar and CDSL for issue of Bonds in dematerialized form; Letter appointing Registrar and MoU entered into between the Issuer and the Registrar; Listing Agreement with BSE and/or NSE; and The Disclosure Document with the application form.
The subscription from applicants shall be accepted for allocation and allotment by the Bank, subject to the following: a) Rating Letters from CRISIL Limited and ICRA Limited not more than one month old from the Issue Opening Date; and b) Consent Letter from the Trustees to act as Trustee to the Bondholder(s).
The Bank shall ensure that the following documents are executed/activities are completed as per terms of the Disclosure Document: a) Credit of Demat Account(s) of the Allottee(s) by number of Bonds allotted within 2 Business Days from the Deemed Date of Allotment b) Making application to BSE and/ or NSE within 15 days from the Deemed Date of Allotment to list the Bonds and seek listing permission within 20 days from the Deemed Date of Allotment.

	In case of delay in listing beyond 20 days from the deemed date of
Delay in Listing	allotment, the Bank shall pay penal interest of atleast @ 1 % p.a. over the
	coupon rate from the expiry of 30 days from the deemed date of allotment
	till the listing of such debt securities to the investor.
	The Bondholders shall have no rights to accelerate the repayment of future
Events of Default	scheduled payments (coupon or principal) except in bankruptcy and
	liquidation of the Issuer. It is further clarified that cancellation of
	discretionary payments or any exercise of Coupon Discretion, Loss
	Absorbency etc. shall not be deemed to be an event of default.
	The Bondholders shall have no rights to accelerate the repayment of future
Treatment in Bankruptcy/	scheduled payments (coupon or principal) except in bankruptcy and
Liquidation	liquidation of the Issuer. The Bond will not contribute to liabilities exceeding
	assets of the Bank if such a balance sheet forms part of a requirement to
	prove insolvency under any law or otherwise.
Prohibition on Purchase /	Neither the Bank nor its related party over which the Bank exercises control
Funding of Bonds	or significant influence (as defined under relevant Accounting Standards)
	shall purchase the Bonds, nor shall the Bank directly or indirectly fund the
	purchase of the Bonds. The Bank shall also not grant advances against the
	security of the Bonds issued by it.
Cross Default	Not Applicable
	The Trustees shall perform its duties and obligations and exercise its
	rights and discretions, in keeping with the trust reposed in the Trustees by
	the Bondholders and shall further conduct itself, and comply with the
	provisions of all applicable laws, provided that, the provisions of Section 20
	of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882, shall not be applicable to the Trustees. The
Role and Responsibilities	Trustees shall carry out its duties and perform its functions as required to
of Trustees to the Issue	discharge its obligations under the terms of the Securities and Exchange
	Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008, the
	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Debenture Trustees)
	Regulations, 1993, the Debenture Trusteeship Agreement, Disclosure
	Document and all other related Transaction Documents, with due care,
	diligence and loyalty.
	(i) The Bank shall have full discretion at all times to cancel Coupon
	either in part or full. On cancellation of payment of Coupon, these
	payments shall be extinguished, and the Bank shall have no
	obligation to make any distribution/Coupon payment in cash or
	kind.
	(ii) The Bonds do not carry a 'dividend pusher' feature i.e. if the Bank
	makes any payment (coupon/dividend) on any other capital
Coupon Discretion	instrument or share, the Bank shall not be obligated to make
oupon b bonounce	Coupon payment on the Bonds;
	(iii) Cancellation of Coupon shall not be an event of default.
	(iv) Bank shall have full access to cancelled Coupon to meet obligations
	as they fall due
	(v) Cancellation of Coupon shall not impose any restrictions on the
	Bank except in relation to distributions to common stakeholders.
	(vi) Coupons, unless cancelled by the Bank, shall be paid out of
	distributable items. In this context, Coupon may be paid out of

current year profits. However, if current year profits are not sufficient, Coupon may be paid subject to availability of:

- a. Profits brought forward from previous years, and/or
- b. Reserves representing appropriation of net profits, including statutory reserves, and excluding share premium, revaluation reserve, foreign currency translation reserve, investment reserve and reserves created on amalgamation.

The accumulated losses and deferred revenue expenditure, if any, shall be netted off from (a) and (b) to arrive at the available balances for payment of Coupon.

If the aggregate of: (i) profits in the current year; (ii) profits brought forward from the previous years and (iii) permissible reserves as at (b) above, excluding statutory reserves, net of accumulated losses and deferred revenue expenditure are less than the amount of coupon, only then the Bank shall make appropriation from the statutory reserves. In such cases, banks shall report to the Reserve Bank within twenty-one days from the date of such appropriation in compliance with Section 17(2) of the Banking Regulation Act 1949.

However, payment of Coupons on the Bonds from the reserves is subject to the Bank meeting minimum regulatory requirements for Common Equity Tier 1, Tier 1 and Total Capital ratios including the additional capital requirements for Domestic Systemically Important Banks at all times and subject to the restrictions under the capital buffer frameworks (i.e. capital conservation buffer and counter cyclical capital buffer in terms of paragraphs 15 and 17 respectively of the Basel III Guidelines

(vii) Coupon on the Bonds shall not be cumulative. If Coupon is cancelled or not paid or paid at a rate lesser than the Coupon Rate, such unpaid and/or cancelled Coupon will not be paid in future years.

If any interest is cancelled, then from the date of which such cancellation has first been notified (a "Dividend Stopper Date"), the Bank will not:

Dividend Stopper

- (i) Declare or pay any discretionary distribution or dividend or make any other payment on, or directly or indirectly redeem, purchase, cancel, reduce or otherwise acquire its Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (other than to the extent that any such distribution, dividend or other payment is declared before such Dividend Stopper Date or where the terms of the instrument do not at the relevant time enable the Bank to cancel or defer such payment); or
 (ii) Pay discretionary interest or any other distribution on, or directly or
 - Page 87 of 108

indirectly redeem, purchase, cancel, reduce or otherwise acquire, any of its instruments or securities ranking, as to the right of payment of dividend, distributions or similar payments, pari passu with the Bonds (excluding securities the terms of which stipulate mandatory redemption).

In each case unless or until (i) the occurrence of the next Coupon Payment Date, following the Dividend Stopper Date, on which payment of Coupon amount has resumed and such Coupon (payable on such Coupon Payment Date) has been paid in full, or (ii) the prior approval of the Bondholders has been obtained *via* an extraordinary resolution (as per the mechanism stipulated in the Debenture Trust Deed). It is hereby clarified that Coupon on the Bonds shall not be cumulative. If Coupon is cancelled or not paid or paid at a rate lesser than the Coupon Rate, such unpaid and/or cancelled Coupon will not be paid in future years.

For the avoidance of doubt, the Dividend Stopper will not:

- stop payment on another instrument where the payments on such an instrument are not fully discretionary;
- (ii) prevent distributions to shareholders for a period that extends beyond the point in time at which interest on the Bonds is resumed;
- (iii) impede the normal operation of the Bank, including actions in connection with employee share plans or any restructuring activity, including acquisitions and disposals; or
- (iv) impede the full discretion that the Bank has, at all times, to cancel distributions or payments on the Bonds nor act in a way that could hinder the recapitalization of the Bank

The Bonds (including all claims, demands on the Bonds and interest thereon, whether accrued or contingent) are issued subject to loss absorbency features applicable for non-equity capital instruments issued in terms of Basel III Guidelines including in compliance with the requirements of Annex 4 thereof and are subject to certain loss absorbency features as described herein and required of Additional Tier 1 instruments at the Pre-Specified Trigger Level and at the Point of Non Viability as provided for in Annex 16 of the aforesaid circular.

Loss Absorbency

Accordingly, the Bonds and the Bondholders claim, if any, claims against Bank, wherever situated, may be written-off, in whole or in part, upon the occurrence of the following trigger events:

- (i) Pre-Specified Trigger Level
- (ii) Point of Non-Viability ("PONV")
- (i) Loss Absorption at Pre-Specified Trigger Level

If the Common Equity Tier 1 falls below 6.125% of RWA (the



"Pre-Specified Trigger Level").

A write-off of the Bonds may have the following effects:

- a) reduce the claim of the Bond (up to nil) in liquidation;
- b) reduce the amount to be re-paid on the Bond when call is exercised (up to nil);
- c) partially or fully reduce Coupon payments on the Bond

The write-down of any Common Equity Tier 1 capital shall not be required before a write-down of any AT1 instruments (including the Bonds). The Bank shall have full discretion to determine the amount of AT1 Instruments (including the Bonds) to be written down subject to the amount of writedown not exceeding the amount which would be required to bring Common Equity Tier 1 ratio to 8% of RWAs. Further, the aggregate amount to be written-down for all ATI Instruments on breaching the trigger level shall be at least the amount needed to immediately return the bank's Common Equity Tier 1 ratio to the trigger level (i.e. Common Equity Tier from writedown generated under applicable Indian Accounting Standards or RBI instructions net of contingent liabilities, potential tax liabilities etc., if any) or, if this is not possible the full principal value of the instruments. When the Bank breaches a Pre-Specified Trigger Level and the equity is replenished through write-down, such replenished amount of equity will be excluded from the total equity of the Bank for the purpose of determining the proportion of carnings to be paid out as dividend in terms of rules laid down for maintaining capital conservation buffer. However, once the Bank has attained total common equity ratio of 8% without counting the replenished equity capital that point onwards, the Bank may include the replenished equity capital for all purposes. The Bank shall have the discretion to write-down the Bonds multiple times in case the Bank hits Pre-Specified Trigger Level subsequent to the first write-down. The Bonds which have been written off can be written up (partially or full) at the absolute discretion of the Bank and subject to compliance with RBI instructions (including permission, consent if any).

(ii) Loss Absorption at Point of Non-Viability ("PONV").

PONV trigger event shall be as defined in the aforesaid Basel III Guidelines and shall be determined by the RBI.

RBI may in its imminence alter or modify the PONV trigger whether generally or in relation to the Bank or otherwise. In any case it should



be noted that following writing-off of the Bonds and claims and demands as noted above neither the Bank, nor any other person on the Bank's behalf shall be required to compensate or provide any relief, whether absolutely or contingently, to the Bondholder or any other person claiming for or on behalf of or through such holder and all claims and demands of such persons, whether under law, contract or equity, shall stand permanently and irrevocably extinguished and terminated.

Unless otherwise specified in the Disclosure Document, the write-off of any common equity or any other regulatory capital (as understood in terms of the aforesaid circular or any replacement/amendment thereof), whether senior or pari passu or subordinate, and whether a Tier I capital or otherwise shall not be required before the write-off of any of the Bonds and there is no right available to the Bondholder hereof or any other person claiming for or on behalf of or through such holder to demand or seek that any other regulatory capital be subject to prior or simultaneous write-off or that the treatment offered to holders of such other regulatory capital be also offered to the Bondholders.

The Bonds are issued subject to Basel III Guidelines on PONV as amended from time to time (including all claims, demands on the Bonds and interest thereon, whether accrued or contingent), and at the option of the RBI, can be permanently written down upon the occurrence of the trigger event, called "Point of Non-Viability Trigger" ("PONV Trigger").

The PONV Trigger event is the earlier of:

- a decision that a permanent write-off without which the Bank would become non-viable, as determined by the Reserve Bank of India; and
- b. the decision to make a public sector injection of capital, or equivalent support, without which the Bank would have become non-viable, as determined by the relevant authority.

The amount of non-equity capital to be written-off will be determined by RBI.

The write-off of any Common Equity Tier 1 capital shall not be required before the write-off of any Non-equity (Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2) regulatory capital instrument. The order of write-off of the Bonds shall be as specified in the order of seniority as per the Disclosure Document and any other regulatory norms as may be stipulated by the RBI from time to time.

The Bonds can be written-down multiple times in case the Bank hits the PONV Trigger Level subsequent to the first write-down. The Bonds which has been written off shall not be written up.

Point of Non-Viability ("PONV")

Such a decision would invariably imply that the write-off consequent upon the trigger event must occur prior to any public sector injection of capital so that the capital provided by the public sector is not diluted. The Bondholders shall not have any residual claims on the Bank (including any claims which are senior to ordinary shares of the Bank), following any trigger event.

In any case it should be noted that following writing-off of the Bonds and claims and demands as noted above neither the Bank, nor any other person on the Bank's behalf shall be required to compensate or provide any relief, whether absolutely or contingently, to the Bondholder or any other person claiming for or on behalf of or through such holder and all claims and demands of such persons, whether under law, contract or equity, shall stand permanently and irrevocably extinguished and terminated. Unless otherwise specified in the Disclosure Document, the write-off of any common equity or any other regulatory capital (as understood in terms of the aforesaid circular or any replacement/amendment thereof), whether senior or pari passu or subordinate, and whether a Tier 1 capital or otherwise shall not be required before the write-off of any of the Bonds and there is no right available to the Bondholder hereof or any other person claiming for or on behalf of or through such holder to demand or seek that any other regulatory capital be subject to prior or simultaneous write-off or that the treatment offered to holders of such other regulatory capital be also offered to the Bondholders.

For these purposes, the Bank may be considered as non-viable if:

The Bank which, owing to its financial and other difficulties, may no longer remain a going concern on its own in the opinion of the RBI unless appropriate measures are taken to revive its operations and thus, enable it to continue as a going concern. The difficulties faced by the Bank should be such that these are likely to result in financial losses and raising the Common Equity Tier 1 capital of the Bank should be considered as the most appropriate way to prevent the Bank from turning non-viable. Such measures would include write-off / conversion of non-equity regulatory capital into common shares in combination with or without other measures as considered appropriate by the RBI.

The Bank facing financial difficulties and approaching a PONV will be deemed to achieve viability if within a reasonable time in the opinion of RBI, it will be able to come out of the present difficulties if appropriate measures are taken to revive it. The measures including augmentation of equity capital through write off of Bonds/ public sector injection of funds are likely to:

Restore depositors'/investors' confidence; b. Improve rating /creditworthiness of the Bank and thereby improve its borrowing capacity and liquidity and reduce cost of funds; and c. Augment the resource base to fund balance sheet growth in the case of fresh injection of funds. The trigger at PONV will be evaluated both at consolidated and solo level and breach at either level will trigger write-off. Treatment of Bonds in the event of Winding-Up: Subject to the provisions of The State Bank of India Act, 1955 as amended from time to time a) If the Bank goes into liquidation before the Bonds have been written-down, the Bonds will absorb losses in accordance with the order of Seniority as specified in the Disclosure Document and as per usual legal provisions governing priority of charges. b) If the Bank goes into liquidation after the Bonds have been written-down, the holders of the Bonds will have no claim on the proceeds of liquidation. Amalgamation of a banking company: (Section 44 A of Banking Regulation Act, 1949) Other Events Subject to the provisions of the State Bank of India Act, 1955 and/or Banking Regulation Act, 1949 as amended from time to time (a) If the Bank is amalgamated with any other bank before the Bonds have been written-down, the Bonds will become part of the corresponding categories of regulatory capital of the new bank emerging after the merger. (b) If the Bank is amalgamated with any other bank after the Bonds have been written-down permanently, these Bonds cannot be written up by the amalgamated entity. Scheme of reconstitution or amalgamation of a banking company Subject to the provisions of the State Bank of India Act, 1955 and/or Banking Regulation Act, 1949 as amended from time to time: If the relevant authorities decide to reconstitute the Bank or amalgamate the Bank with any other bank under the Section 45 of Banking Regulation Act, 1949, the Bank will be deemed as non-viable

Repurchase/ Buy-Back /Redemption	or approaching non-viability and both the pre-specified trigger and the trigger at the point of non-viability for write-down of AT1/Tier 2 instruments will be activated. Accordingly, the Bonds may be written-down permanently before amalgamation / reconstitution in accordance with these rules. The outstanding principal amount of the Bonds (e.g. through repurchase or redemption) can be repaid subject to the prior approval of RBI. The Bank shall repurchase/ buy-back / redeem the Bonds only if: (a) The Bonds are replaced with capital of the same or better quality and the replacement of this capital is done at conditions which are sustainable for the income capacity of the Bank; or (b) The Bank demonstrates that its capital position is well above the minimum capital requirements after the repurchase/buy-back / redemption. Such Bonds may be held, reissued, resold, extinguished or surrendered, at the option of the Issuer.
Order of claim of Additional Tier 1 instruments	The order of claim of various types of Regulatory capital instruments issued by the Bank and that may be issued in future shall be as under: Additional Tier 1 instruments shall be superior to the claims of investors in equity shares and perpetual non-cumulative instruments preference shares issued by the Bank and subordinate to the claims of all depositors, general Creditors and subordinate debt of the Bank other than any subordinated debt qualifying as Tier 1 Capital. Additional Tier 1 debt instruments will rank pari passu without preference amongst themselves and other debt instruments irrespective of the date of issue classifying as Tier 1 Capital in terms of Basel III Guidelines. Unless the terms of any subsequent issuance of bonds/debentures by the Bank specifies that the claims of such subsequent bond holders are senior or subordinate to the Bonds issued under the Disclosure Document or unless the RBI specifies otherwise in its guidelines, the claims of the Bond holders shall be pari passu with claims of holders of such subsequent debentures/bond issuances; and shall be on pari-passu ranking with holders of other Additional Tier 1 instruments issued by the Bank. However, the claims of the Bondholders shall be subject to the provisions of Loss Absorbency and Other Events mentioned above.
Re-capitalization	Nothing contained in this Summary Term Sheet or in any other Transaction Documents shall hinder re-capitalization by the Bank.
Governing Law and Jurisdiction	The Bonds are governed by and shall be construed in accordance with the existing laws of India. Any dispute arising thereof shall be subject to the jurisdiction of courts of Mumbai, Maharashtra.

Note: The Bank reserves its sole and absolute right to modify (pre-pone/ postpone) the above issue schedule without giving any reasons or prior notice. The Bank also reserves its sole and absolute right to change the Deemed Date of Allotment of the above issue without giving any reasons or prior notice. Consequent to change in Deemed Date of Allotment, the Coupon Payment Dates and/or Call Option Date, if any may also be changed at the sole and absolute discretion of the Issuer. The Bank reserves the right to close the issue earlier than the stipulated issue closing date and it is further clarified that the Bank need not wait for any minimum subscription amount to the Bonds before closing the issue.



Q. Disclosures pertaining to willful default

a) Name of the bank declaring the entity as a willful defaulter

Not Applicable

b) The year in which the entity is declared as a willful defaulter

Not Applicable

c) Outstanding amount when the entity is declared as a willful defaulter

Not Applicable

d) Name of the entity declared as a willful defaulter

Not Applicable

e) Steps taken, if any, for the removal from the list of willful defaulters

Not Applicable

f) Other disclosures, as deemed fit by the issuer in order to enable investors to take informed decisions

Not Applicable

g) Any other disclosure as specified by the Board

Not Applicable



R. DECLARATION

The Issuer undertakes that this Disclosure Document contains full disclosures in accordance with SEBI Debt Regulations.

The Issuer also confirms that to the best of its knowledge and beliefs, this Disclosure Document does not omit disclosure of any material fact which may make the statements made therein, in light of the circumstances under which they are made, misleading. The Disclosure Document also does not contain any false or misleading statement.

The Issuer accepts no responsibility for the statement made otherwise than in the Disclosure Document or in any other material issued by or at the instance of the Issuer and that anyone placing reliance on any other source of information would be doing so at his own risk.

Signed pursuant to internal authority granted;

For State Bank of India

कृते भारतीय स्टेट बैंक or STATE BANK OF INDIA

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Place: Mumbai

Date: August 28, 2019

Page 96 of 108